

CapitaLand China Trust

(SGX: AU8U)

Revenue stabilised with improving retail sales

- Revenue is stabilising. 3Q 2025 same store basis revenue excluding CapitaMall Yuhuating's contribution, declined by 3.4% year-on-year or RMB36.2 million, to RMB 416.6 million. Retail revenue reported slower rate of decline, at 1.8% year-on-year in 3Q25, compared with 1H25's -4.7% year-on-year. Similarly, Business Park revenue declined by 9.1% in 3Q25, compared with 1H25's -10% year-on-year. Logistics revenue increased 13% year-on-year, compared to +2% year-on-year in 1H25.
- Net property income falls due to lower revenue at business parks. Despite a same-store basis cost reduction of -1.3% year-on-year, 3Q 2025 same store basis net property income declined by 4.4% year-on-year. This was due to lower revenue at business parks and CapitaMall Xinnan.
- Retail sales improvements in key trade categories. Shopper traffic and tenant sales increased by 4.5% and 3.2% year-on-year, respectively, in 3Q25. Management highlighted that the strong momentum continued into the China's Golden week holiday. During the Golden week holiday, shopper traffic and tenant sales grew by 4.6% and 3.9% year-on-year, respectively. To add, Completed AEI at CapitaMall Xuefu drove shopper traffic and tenant sales to 20.8% and 24.1% year-on-year, respectively, in 3Q25.
- IPO of CapitaLand Commercial C-REIT. On 29 September 2025, CapitaLand Commercial C-REIT was listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. CapitaLand China Trust seeded CapitaMall Yuhuating to the newly listed entity and subscribed to 5.0% of the IPO units.
- Proactive capital management. CapitaLand China Trust issued a S\$150 million fixed rate subordinated perpetual securities on 19 September 2025. The proceeds was used to redeem the S\$100 million perpetual securities. As of 30 September 2025, RMB-denominated debt accounts for 45% of total debt. By early refinancing, the S\$120 million debt due in 2026 will be refinanced with a RMB debt. This would raise the proportion of RMB-denominated debt to reach the target 50% of total debt by end 2025.
- Healthy financial profile. As of 30 September 2025, CapitaLand China Trust reported gearing at 38.8%. Upon redemption of the S\$100 million perpetual securities on 27 October 2025, the gearing would be 41.3%, implying a debt headroom of S\$0.77 billion. Interest coverage ratio (ICR) remains healthy at 2.9x, unchanged from 30 June 2025.
- Maintain Buy. Our target price at S\$0.88 per unit and distribution per unit for FY2025f and FY2026f at 5.18 cents and 5.29 cents, remains unchanged. At S\$0.80 per unit, it offers distribution yield of FY2025f 6.5% and FY2026f 6.6%. Based on Net asset value of S\$1.04 as of 30 June 2025, it trades at a price-to-book valuation of 0.77x, above its historical average of 0.61x.

 Ticker
 AU8U

 Rating
 Buy

 Price Target*
 \$\$0.88

 Price (7 Nov)
 \$\$0.795

 Upside/Downside:
 +10.7%

 52-week range
 \$\$0.560 - 0.825

 Market Cap
 \$\$1.4B

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^{*}Target price is for 12 months

Revenue is stabilising as retail sales improve

CapitaLand China Trust reported gross revenue declined by 8.0% year-over-year to RMB 416.6 million in 3Q 2025. 3Q 2025 same store basis revenue excluding CapitaMall Yuhuating's contribution, declined by 3.4% year-on-year.

3Q 2025 revenue fell by RMB 36.2 million, of which RMB 21.0 million was due absence of contribution from CapitaMall Yuhuating, RMB 10.0 million was due to lower revenue from business parks and the balance due to lower rent and occupancy at CapitaMall Xinnan and anchor tenor repositioning at Rock Square. New tenant at Rock Square, Decathlon, started operation on 1 October 2025 and will start contributing to rental revenue in 4Q 2025.

Reflecting stabilised revenue trend, all three segments reported narrower revenue decline or higher growth in 3Q25 when compared with 1H25. Retail revenue reported slower rate of decline, at 1.8% year-on-year in 3Q25, compared with 1H25's -4.7% year-on-year.

Business Park revenue declined 9.1% in 3Q25, compared with 1H25's -10.0% year-on-year. Occupancy of business parks fell to 85.2% in 3Q25, from 86.9% in 2Q25.

Logistics revenue increased 13% year-on-year, compared to +2% year-on-year in 1H25. This was due to higher occupancy at Shanghai Fengxian Logistics Park.

As at 30 September 2025, the retail portion makes up the bulk (69.9%) of gross rental income (GRI). Business parks took up around a quarter (26.5%) of GRI while logistics park made up the remainder (3.6%).

Figure 1: CapitaLand China Trust portfolio, by asset class, as at 30 September 2025





Net property income falls due to lower revenue at business parks

CapitaLand China Trust reported net property declined by 8.5% year-over-year to RMB 273.5 million in 3Q 2025. 3Q 2025 same store basis net property income, excluding CapitaMall Yuhuating's contribution, declined by 4.4% year-on-year.

This was due to lower revenue at business parks and CapitaMall Xinnan while partly offset by same-store basis cost reduction of -1.3% year-on-year in 3Q 2025.

Gross Revenue -8.0% YoY Same store basis excluding CapitaMall Yuhuating's contribution in 3Q 2024: -3.4% YoY 452.8 416.6 Retail revenue declined by 8.4% YoY, mainly due to absence of 3Q 2025 contribution from CapitaMall Yuhuating, lower rents and occupancy at CapitaMall Xinnan and mini anchor tenant repositioning at Rock Square million Excluding CapitaMall Yuhuating's contribution in 3Q 2024, retail revenue declined by 1.8% YoY RMB Business Park revenue declined by 9.1% YoY largely due to lower occupancy at Singapore-Hangzhou Science & Technology Park Phase II Logistics Park revenue increased by 13% YoY mainly due to improved occupancy at Shanghai Fengxian Logistics 3Q 2024 3Q 2025 **Net Property Income** -8.5% YoY Same store basis excluding CapitaMall Yuhuating's contribution in 3Q 2024: -4.4% YoY 298.9 Decline in NPI due to drop in gross revenue and absence of 3Q 2025 contribution from CapitaMall Yuhuating. 273.5 partially offset by cost reduction of 1.3% YoY on same store basis RMB million Retail Malls Business Parks/Logistics Parks CapitaMall Yuhuating 3Q 2024 3Q 2025

Figure 2: CapitaLand China Trust 3Q 2025 Highlights

Source: Company data

Retail sales improvements in key trade categories

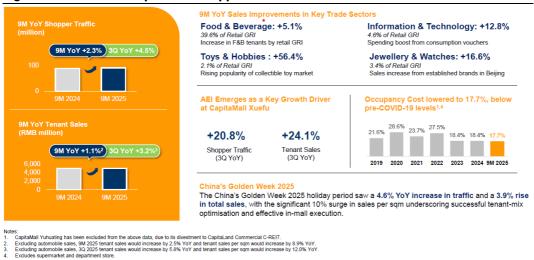
Shopper traffic and tenant sales increased by 4.5% and 3.2% year-on-year, respectively, in 3Q25. For the nine months ending 30 September 2025, key trade categories continued to do well. Food & Beverage reported 5.1% year-on-year increase in sales in 9M25. Information & Technology recorded 12.8% year-on-year in sales in 9M25. Overall, the tenant sales increased by 1.1% year-on-year in 9M25.

Asset enhancement initiatives drove higher contribution from CapitaMall Xuefu which achieved 13.1% in rental increase on the asset enhancement area. CapitaMall Xuefu reported shopper traffic and tenant sales, increasing by 20.8% and 4.1% year-on-year, respectively, in 3Q 2025.

Retail reversion was -1.5% in 9M 2025, narrowing from -2.7% year-on-year in 1H 2025. Among the trade sectors, Food & Beverage, Information & Technology, Toys & Hobbies reported stronger reversions.

Management highlighted that the strong momentum continued into the China's Golden week holiday. During the Golden week holiday, shopper traffic and tenant sales grew by 4.6% and 3.9% year-on-year, respectively. To add, completed asset enhancement initiatives at CapitaMall Xuefu drove shopper traffic and tenant sales to 20.8% and 24.1% year-on-year, respectively, in 3Q25.

Figure 3: 9M 2025 retail portfolio shopper traffic and tenant sales



Source: Company data

Portfolio review as of 30 September 2025

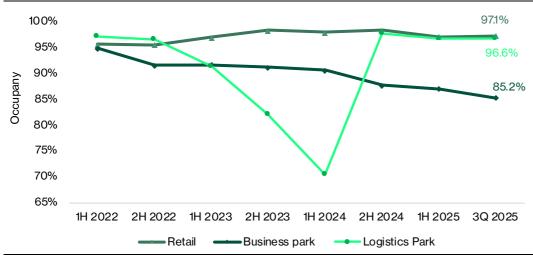
Occupancy

Retail occupancy improved to 97.1% as of 30 September 2025, from 96.9% as of 30 June 2025. This reflects the gradual filling up of the space when the asset enhancement works are completed. CapitaMall Xuefu's Animation, Comics & Games themed street launched in August 2025 with a 100% occupancy rate.

Business Park reported occupancy at 85.2% as of 30 September 2025, lower than 86.9% as of 30 June 2025. With Ascends Innovation Towers' new tenant and new tenants secured in October, the occupancy at Ascendas Innovation Towers will increase to 83.2%. Occupancy of overall business park portfolio will improve to 86.0% by end-2025.

Logistics Park portfolio reported occupancy at 96.6% as of 30 September 2025, unchanged from the previous quarter.

Figure 4: Stable Occupancy as of 30 September 2025



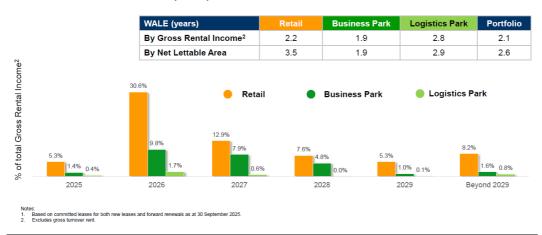


Lease expiry profile

Weighted average lease expiry remains stable at 2.6 years as of 30 September 2025, from 2.4 years as of 30 June 2025.

Figure 5: Portfolio lease expiry profile as of 30 September 2025

Portfolio WALE Remains Stable at 2.6 years by NLA

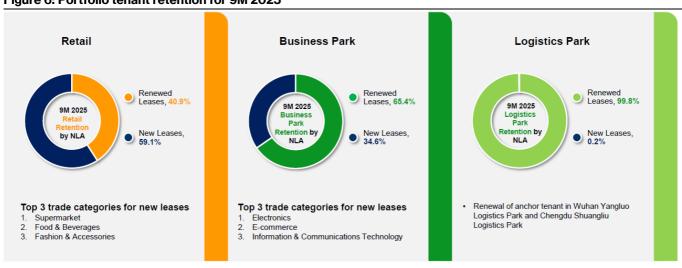


Source: Company data

Tenant retention

For the period 9M 2025, retail portfolio's tenant retention improved to 40.9%, from 33.9% in 1H 2025. Business Park also reported higher retention at 65.4% in 9M 2025, from 63.7% in 1H 2025. Logistics park's retention rate dipped slightly to 99.8% in 9M 2025, from 100% in 1H 2025.

Figure 6: Portfolio tenant retention for 9M 2025



Note:
1. CapitaMall Yuhuating has been excluded from the above data, due to its divestment to CapitaLand Commercial C-REIT

IPO of CapitaLand Commercial C-REIT

On 29 September 2025, CapitaLand Commercial C-REIT, China's the first international-sponsored retail CREIT was listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. CapitaLand Commercial C-REIT was listed at IPO price of RMB5.718 per unit, representing an estimated 2025 annualised distribution per unit (DPU) yield of 4.4%. As of 31 October 2025, the closing unit price was RMB6.56 per unit, representing 2025 annualised distribution per unit yield of 3.8%.

To recap, CapitaLand China Trust seeded CapitaMall Yuhuating to the newly listed entity at RMB813.8 million (S\$146.8 million), representing an exit yield of 6.2%. In addition, CapitaLand China Trust has subscribed to 5% of the IPO units at the IPO price of RMB5.718 per unit and subject to lock-up period of 5 years. CapitaLand China Trust will receive an estimated net proceeds RMB663.4 million (~S\$119.8 million).



Figure 7: CapitaLand Commercial C-REIT closed at RMB6.56 per unit on 31 October 2025

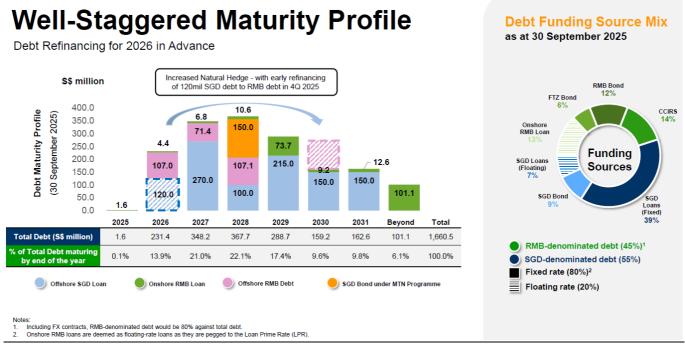


Proactive capital management

CapitaLand China Trust issued a S\$150 million fixed rate subordinated perpetual securities on 19 September 2025. The proceeds was used to redeem the S\$100 million perpetual securities.

As of 30 September 2025, RMB-denominated debt accounts for 45% of total debt. By early refinancing, the S\$120 million debt due in 2026 will be refinanced with a RMB debt. This would raise the proportion of RMB-denominated debt to reach the target 50% of total debt by end 2025.

Figure 8: CapitaLand China Trust's debt maturity profile as of 30 September 2025





Healthy financial profile

As of 30 September 2025, CapitaLand China Trust reported gearing at 38.8%. Upon redemption of the S\$100 million perpetual securities on 27 October 2025, the gearing would be 41.3%, implying a debt headroom of S\$0.77 billion.

Average cost of debt decreased by 6 basis points to 3.36% as of 30 September 2025, from 3.42% as of 30 June 2025.

Interest coverage ratio (ICR) remains healthy at 2.9x, unchanged from 30 June 2025 the Interest coverage is significantly higher than the regulatory requirement of 1.5x and will remain strong at 2.6x even if EBITDA decreases by 10%.

Average term of maturity was stable at 3.4 years as of 30 September 2025, from 3.6 years as of 30 June 2025.

Figure 9: CapitaLand China Trust's key debt leverage ratios

i igure 3. GapitaLand Gillia Trust 3 key debt leverage ratios						
	30 September 2025	30 June 2025				
Total Debt (S\$ million)	1,660.5	1,820.8				
Gearing ²	38.8% ³	42.1%				
Average Cost of Debt ⁴	3.36%	3.42%				
Interest Coverage Ratio (ICR)⁵	2.9x	2.9x				
Average Term to Maturity (years)	3.4	3.6				

ICR Sensitivity Analyses	
Movement	ICR (x)
100 bps increase in interest rates	2.3
10% decrease in EBITDA	2.6

Impact of Exchange Rate Movement on Gearing

Movement in SGD/RMB	Gearing (%)					
+/- 1%	+/- 0.27					

All key financial indicators exclude the effect of FRS 116 Leases.

In accordance with the Property Funds Appendix, the gearing ratio is calculated based on the proportionate share of total borrowings and deferred payments over deposited properties. CLCT does not have any deferred payments.

Assumed CapitaMall Yuhuating has been deconsolidated and proceeds used to pare down debts as at September 2025. The S\$150 million perpetual securities issued on 19 September 2025 were utilised to pare down debt. The gearing would be 41.3%, after the redemption of the S\$100 million perpetual securities on 27 October 2025.

Based on the consolidated interest expense for the respective financial period over weighted average borrowings on balance sheet for that financial period.

The ratio is calculated by dividing the trailing 12 month's EIDTA (excluding effects of any fair value changes of derivatives and investment properties, and foreign exchange translation) by the trailing 12 month's interest expense, borrowing-related fees and distributions on hybrid securities (i.e. perpetual securities) in accordance with the revised Property Funds Appendix guidelines with effect from 28 November 2024.



Outlook

For 4Q25, management expects the retail revenue to remain resilient. CapitaLand China Trust will record additional contribution from new tenant, Decathlon, who started operations at Rock Square on 1 October 2025.

Asset enhancement initiatives completed at CapitaMall Wanging will start to contribute in 4Q25. The asset enhancement area has been fully leased and achieved a return on investment of 12.6%. The tenants has started to commence operations in 4Q25. Including 7Fresh, 14 of the 27 tenants commenced operations on 1 October 2025. Management highlighted the timely opening of the asset enhancement area before the China' Golden Week 2025 holiday led to a significant increase in shopper traffic and tenant sales at CapitaMall Wangjing. During the Golden Week 2025 holiday, CapitaMall Wangjing reported shopper traffic and tenant sales increase of 13% and 21% year-onyear, respectively

Overall, the management remains optimistic on the gradual improvement in the domestic consumption and growth opportunities in key technology sectors. The new 15th Five-Year Plan (2026 – 2030) focuses on developing the modern industrial system and expanding domestic demand.

Figure 10: China's business outlook remains supportive

Business Outlook

China's economy slowed to 4.8% YoY for 3Q 2025, while retail sales expanded 3.0% in September¹

- · China's new 15th Five-Year Plan (2026-2030) prioritises building a modern industrial system and achieving technological self-reliance, with greater efforts
- to expand domestic demand and improve people's livelihoods.² Meanwhile, China and the United States reached a preliminary framework agreement, easing immediate concerns over potential tariff escalation.

Chinese regulators announced a range of fiscal and monetary stimuli aimed at boosting domestic consumption and economic growth.

- In September 2025, China unveiled a broad set of stimulus measures focusing on cultural, tourism, elderly care, childcare and sports facilities, to boost services consumption amid slowing economy.4
- On 16 March 2025, the government unveiled a comprehensive 30-point plan aimed at further shifting the economy towards consumption-driven growth.5
- In May 2025, the 5-year Loan Prime Rate (LPR) was reduced by 10bp to 3.5% as a stronger yuan and easing trade tensions offer room for monetary easing to

While these efforts are underway, the recovery of business confidence will take time, with a lag expected before the effects are fully felt.

- Reuters, China's economy slows as trade war, weak demand highlight structural risks, 20 October 2025.
 Reuters, China's new five-year plan sharpens industry, tech focus as US tensions mount, 23 October 2025.
 CNN, US and China have reached a framework agreement on trade ahead of Trump-Xi meeting. Here's what we know,
 27 October 2025.
 Reuters, China unveils measures to boost services consumption and spur growth, 16 September 2025.
 South China Morning Post: What is actually in China's new plan to boost consumer spending? 17 March 2025.
 CNBC, China cuts benchmark lending rates for the first time in 7 months in Beijing's growth push, 19 May 2025.

CLCT's portfolio aligns with government priorities, focusing on domestic consumption, innovation. and driving "new-quality productive forces."

Retail

 CLCT has embarked on AEIs at CapitaMall Wangjing, CapitaMall Xuefu and CapitaMall Xizhimen, converting lowyielding anchor spaces into higher-yielding areas with improved trade mix and circulation to unlock higher rental value

- · Business climate remains cautious, with market pressures expected to lead to weakness in average rental prices and occupancy at CLCT Business Parks
- Supportive government policies targeting key technology sectors, could help CLCT capture growth opportunities in emerging tech industries

Logistics Parks

- Challenges mitigated by achieving full occupancy in 3 out of 4 logistics assets, strengthening the asset class
- · Ongoing efforts to explore portfolio reconstitution opportunities



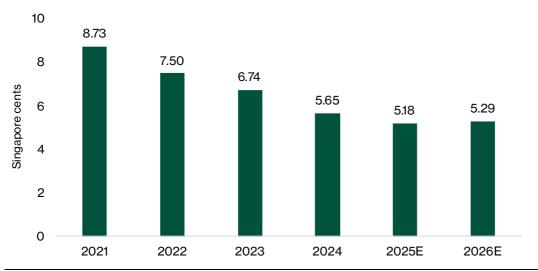
Maintain Buy

Our target price at S\$0.88 per unit and distribution per unit for FY2025f and FY2026f at 5.18 cents and 5.29 cents, remains unchanged. At S\$0.80 per unit, it offers distribution yield of FY2025f 6.5% and FY2026f 6.6%.

Based on Net asset value of S\$1.04 as of 30 June 2025, CapitaLand China Trust trades at a price-to-book valuation of 0.77x, above its historical average of 0.61x.

Going forward, the distributable income may improve very gradually, led by contribution from the post-AEI retail properties, CapitaLand China Trust's active leasing strategies, and units buy-back program. With the debt headroom and lower borrowing cost, there is room for CapitaLand China Trust to acquire new asset to fill the gap after divesting CapitaMall Yuhuating.

Figure 11: CapitaLand China Trust's Distribution Per Unit





Key Risks

Weak macroeconomic environment in China

CapitaLand China Trust's portfolio being concentrated in China, the REIT had to grapple with tough macroeconomic conditions in the past several years. Post Covid-19, interest rates saw their sharpest increase ever from 2022 to 2023, rising by 4.88 percentage points within a short span, resulting in sharply higher borrowing costs for the REIT. At the same time, China has the longest Covid lock-down period. The Chinese government also implemented a COVID-zero policy in 2019 that enforced strict quarantine protocols, resulting in movement restrictions across the country. This policy involved mass testing, quarantining the sick, and imposing draconian lockdowns. China began to ease this policy only at the tail end of 2024 and slowly lifted restrictions on intra-country travel and entry into public spaces.

Back in 2021, the manager acquired the portfolio of business and logistics parks to help the REIT pivot away from a pure retail strategy. Retail malls were suffering back then as COVID-zero restricted movements. While 2022 saw a full year of contributions from these newly acquired assets, rental reliefs had to be doled out to mall tenants who were adversely impacted by prolonged COVID-zero lockdowns.

Subsequently, China began experiencing weak consumer spending as its economy

was hit by a flurry of real estate woes in 2023 and 2024, with many prominent Chinese developers running into financial difficulties.

Sector concentration

As at 30 September 2025, CapitaLand China Trust's portfolio by asset types comprises retail 69.9%, business park 26.5% and logistic parks 3.6%. Following the divestment of Yuhuating to the C-REIT, the retail portfolio remains at a relatively high level. Through capital recycling and portfolio reconstitution, CapitaLand China Trust aims to achieve a balanced and diversified portfolio.

Interest rate risk

Higher interest rates imply higher interest expense, eroding CapitaLand China Trust's ability to generate cash flow for dividend distribution. To hedge interest rate risk, 80% of the total debt was on fixed rate, as at 30 September 2025

Foreign exchange risk

To establish a natural hedge for the RMB cash inflows, CapitaLand China Trust aims to increase the RMB-denominated debt to 50% of its total debt by end-2025. This will partially mitigate the adverse effect of foreign exchange translation risk on SGD-based distribution.

In addition, as of 30 June 2025, 90% of the payable distributable income is hedged into SGD, on a one-year forward basis. This reduces the foreign exchange risk and provides stability to unitholder returns.



Financial summary

Y/E Dec (S\$ '000)	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027	Y/E Dec (S\$ '000)	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027
Income Statement							Cash Flow						
Revenue	383,171	364,746	341,529	331,748	338,383	345,150	Operating cash flow						
Property expenses	-128,955	-118,007	-114,952	-119,429	-121,818	-124,254	Pretax profit	242,911	124,976	62,184	172,749	188,115	192,598
Net property income	254,216	246,739	226,577	212,319	216,565	220,896	Adjustments	-26,523	89,716	119,011	2,676	-1,715	-2,717
Other income	1,268	6,747	1,119	0	9,314	9,314	Working capital changes	-34,307	-8,620	-5,400	5,050	1,327	1,354
Manager's fees	-22,511	-21,502	-19,809	-20,356	-20,269	-20,552	Others	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other expenses	-780	-934	-733	-733	-733	-733	Cash flow from operations	182,081	206,072	175,795	180,475	187,727	191,234
Change in value of derivatives	1,861	-1,067	-403	0	0	0							
Change in value of investment pr	67,845	-39,769	-89,733	43,458	43,412	43,846	Investing cash flow						
Other gains/ (losses)	-2,758	1,433	7,105	0	0	0							
EBIT	299,141	191,647	124,123	234,688	248,288	252,771	CAPEX	-37,996	-37,329	-16,845	-15,000	-15,000	-15,000
Net finance expenses	-56,230	-66,671	-61,939	-61,939	-60,173	-60,173	Others	-5,965	31,700	101,999	102,670	12,744	12,744
Profit before tax	242,911	124,976	62,184	172,749	188,115	192,598	Cash flow from investments	-43,961	-5,629	85,154	87,670	-2,256	-2,256
Tax	-87,785	-70,005	-66,121	-29,367	-31,980	-32,742							
Minority interests	32,133	14,145	10,745	28,676	31,227	31,971	Financing cash flow						
Profit attributable to owners	122,993	40,826	-14,682	114,705	124,908	127,885	Dividends paid	-95,792	-121,986	-92,897	-88,980	-89,074	-91,811
							Proceeds from borrowings	492,470	715,950	363,178	0	0	0
Balance sheet							Others	-570,186	-771,949	-546,127	-169,389	-69,528	-69,528
Assets							Cash flow from financing	-173,508	-177,985	-275,846	-258,369	-158,603	-161,339
PPE	2,979	1,115	1,852	1,871	1,889	1,908							
Others	4,952,140	4,560,899	4,451,388	4,515,256	4,412,574	4,456,401	Net change in cash	-35,388	22,458	-14,897	9,777	26,868	27,639
Total non-current assets	4,955,119	4,562,014	4,453,240	4,517,127	4,414,463	4,458,309	Beginning cash	288,860	231,048	243,464	228,845	238,622	265,490
							Currency translation	-22,424	-10,042	278	0	0	0
Cash & cash equivalents	231,048	243,464	228,845	238,622	265,490	293,128	Ending cash	231,048	243,464	228,845	238,622	265,490	293,128
Trade & other receivables	37,134	24,444	39,396	38,268	39,033	39,814							
Others	2,805	165,837	1,353	0	0	0	Per share data (S\$ cents)						
Total current assets	270,987	433,745	269,594	276,889	304,523	332,942	Book value per unit	137.8	120.8	112.0	119.2	114.0	117.1
Total assets	5,226,106	4,995,759	4,722,834	4,794,016	4,718,985	4,791,251	Distribution per unit	7.5	6.7	5.7	5.2	5.3	5.4
							Earnings per unit	7.3	2.4	(0.9)	6.9	7.4	7.5
Liabilities													
ST borrowings	331,137	131,041	203,494	203,494	203,494	203,494	Valuation						
Trade & other payables	130,671	147,239	100,700	104,622	106,715	108,849	P/E (x)	10.9	33.1	-	11.7	10.8	10.6
Others	55,633	89,701	56,066	56,066	56,066	56,066	P/B (x)	0.58	0.66	0.71	0.67	0.70	0.68
Total current liabilities	517,441	367,981	360,260	364,182	366,275	368,409	EV/NPI (x)	12.9	13.4	14.2	14.8	14.5	14.3
							Dividend yield (%)	9.4	8.4	7.1	6.5	6.6	6.8
LT borrowings	1,619,938	1,820,076	1,647,702	1,597,702	1,597,702	1,597,702							
Others	405,685	390,936	405,138	405,138	405,138	405,138	Ratios						
Total non-current liabilities	2,025,623	2,211,012	2,052,840	2,002,840	2,002,840	2,002,840	ROE (%)	4.6	1.7	(0.6)	4.7	5.3	5.3
Total liabilities	2,543,064	2,578,993	2,413,100	2,367,022	2,369,115	2,371,249	ROA (%)	2.4	8.0	(0.3)	2.4	2.6	2.7
							Net gearing (%)	0.62	0.68	0.67	0.61	0.61	0.59
Equity													
Share Capital	2,306,231		1,926,644	1,990,750	1,920,176	1,987,510	Margins (%)						
Total equity	2,683,042	2,416,766	2,309,734	2,426,994	2,349,871	2,420,002	EBIT margin	78.1	52.5	36.3	70.7	73.4	73.2
Perpetual securities	99,610	99,610	99,610	150,000	150,000	150,000	Net margin	32.1	11.2	(4.3)	34.6	36.9	37.1
Total equity and liabilities	5,325,716	5,095,369	4,822,444	4,944,016	4,868,985	4,941,251							



Disclosure Appendix

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